THE KENTUCKY GAZETTE 19 PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY MORNING, BY F. BRADFORD, JR.

At Two Dollars per annum, paid in advance, of Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

COMPENSATION LAW.

SKETCH OF THE FIRST DAY'S DEBATE. TUESDAY, JANUARY 14.

In committee of the whole, Mr. Barckers, alloss in the chair, on the bill to repeal the net passed at the last session of Congress, to change the mode of compensation to Senators,
Representatives, and Delegates in Congress.
The bill having been read—
Mr. Jounson, of Kentucky, said that, in
moving, as he now did, to fill the blank (for

the amount of future daily compensation) with eight dollars, he obeyed the instructions of the committee who reported this bill, of which he was a member. There had been in the committee a diversity of opinion on this subject, one or two genticmen preferring nine or ten, and a bare majority consenting to eight—Although he did not differ from the committee in the reasoning of their report, he could not feel it his duty, to come to the same result as to the future compensation, as a majority of the committee had done. He should, he said, vote against the repeal of the present compensation taking a reterospective operation; he wished the repeal to take place on the fourth day of March next, and leave it to the next Congress, four fifths of whom were elected to regulate this matter, the right of fixing it. He was desirous, he said, to give them a responsibility which he presumed they would be proud to assume, and should vote against adding at this time a single cent to the old comng at this time a single cent to the old compressed his hope, as he had endeavored, in previously discussing the subject, to avoid on a question of this delicacy saying any thing in any manner to wound the feelings of the members, that perfect harmony would characterize the whole debate. He believed, he said, that no member of this House, regarding the members as pensioners, members, with a view to the transaction as the last bidder does at other auctions. Hence it could be no cause of the general question, reserving himself for a future opportunity.

Mr. T. Wilson, of Pennsylvania, intimated his kind of argument was altogether so fair, bris wish so to amend the bulk as that the law should be manifested as to who should be foremost in the repeal; or otherwise if the measure was entirely desirable, the same struggle discussing the subject, to avoid on a great and the form the general question, reserving himself for a future opportunity.

Mr. T. Wilson, of Pennsylvania, intimated his kind of argument was altogether so fair, or, if fair, was it applicable on the present occasion, and as money is made the first content of the united structure opportunity.

States, and coming down to the Sargeant of the general question, reserving himself for a future opportunity.

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Mr. T. Wi

referred, took an average of what the states was either six dollars, and one-third, or twothirds, which, is now forgot. They reported, however, six dollars a day for the Representa tives, but limited it to a time after the census would be taken and a more equal representaabout, twenty years ago, the subject was then referred to a committee. A salary was proposed and advocated, but believing it was contrary to public opinion, or at least the common practice in paying the state legislatures, this was dropped, and a compensation of eight dollars a day reported; after a dis-

There had about this time been a considerable rise of expense, and several state legisla-tures had increased their compensation, yet Congress, believing that this arose from temporary causes, increased the compensation of clerks and some subordinate officers, and of weich, however, has been renewed. When the

cussion this was rejected by one, or at most

bring their families with them, the six dollars of pay received by the members, of so much a day would still pay their expenses; but to as, during the past and present sessions, they such as have to support their families by their shall have received over and above the rate of in some instances, carried to extremes, yet the industry in any occupation it would not do. Several members, to his own knowledge, had session was retrospective and retroactive in its tried it a few cessions, sending the half of operation; and if the House touched the law their wages monthly to support their families, but had to decline. It was well known that members preferred almost any offices in the gitt of the United States, as well as of their troactive in the same manner as the act passe own state, to a seat in Congress, and it is evident, that, for want of attendance of members, membered by the chair, or perhaps the chair-the most important measures were frequently man might not have thought it worth while to transacted in a thin house, which certainly

He observed, that, agreeably to the principles of our government, all classes, and all interests, ought to be represented in Congress.

He knew that the wages might be made so vernment. But even if the compensation was it too high in their raised, or the salary established, there would refund the surplusalways be many who would not serve, many to whom no wages we ought to give, would cam pensate their toss; and there are many whom Johnson

any manner to wound the fealmes of the seminary manner to wound the fealmes of the member and the seminary of hand as amendatory of the act of the last ses-

Without now giving an opinion on the merits of the bill, reserving himself till the bill not only a right to complain, but had ample I say it is prudent to guard againt what may should be more fully before the House, he rose cause of complaint. We had but recently got at first appear trivial, but what may and what to offer an amendment which he believed would out of a necessary, but an expensive war. supersede the amendment proposed by the gen-I do not pledge myself to vote for the bill, even if my amendment be adopted. I do not wish to entrap the House, but to shew what, in my much, if they could have been convinced that against this kankering worn, this fatal enemy opinion ought to be done, if we move in the penly declared their intention to decline, and question at all. Mr. R. then proposed to strike but when they discovered, (as they believed) Mr. F said, that to members whose farms provision to repeal entirely the law of last sested their families, and who did not sion, and require a deduction from the amount tional burthens on them, was it any wonder vernments, with the highest legislators, and six dollars per day. The act of the last opposition to what they conceived an encroach- free institutions will be the inevitable conse-Randolph) had made a motion, limiting the operation of the law to a future Congress; and that that motion, on the argument of other com-gentlemen, he had seen fit to withdraw-and larly he had so thought for this reason, that each speaking against the measure. Cungress ought to take upon itself the respon-ty impelled, he trusted he st t too high in their own opinions, the ought to feeling, and he hoped he should be treated

Some who have done so, always reflect on it knowledge of its rules and orders of proceed fying or repealing; but the gentleman's ducement to acceptance of office. Let as ex-

had set the example.

Mr. Rander of Virginia, then took the floor. The auction of popularity, he said differed in one material respect, from all others: the first bidder standing in the same relation to the transaction as the last bidder does at other transaction as the last bidder does at other transaction. At this time, to enter into

what situation otherwise shall we stand? In most men, but he confessed that he was not what predicament shall we present ourselves so independent as to disregard public opinion. to our constituents !—going on the principle Ours is a government of the people, the people are virtually the governors, and we, as Thank God mine have said nothing to me about their agents, are bound to act up to their will, patriotism. it; no sir, I do not think mine will say any thing when that can be ascertained; and can any genme on that score-What shall we say to tleman doubt that the will of the people is athe people who have been clamoring about it, when they are told they have repealed the act, been disapprobated, but reprobated from one wish to perpetuate liberty, and their hap and taken the difference of 33 1-3 per cent. end of the continent to the other, in a few places stitutions, to frame their laws and public reg more than we should have had if we had never excepted, where extravagance is the order of ulations so as to guard particularly again passed it? I would not wish to stand in a the day, and among a few individuals in other extravagance and tuxury, the ground work of more pitiable, I would add pitiful, condition places, who consider themselves exclusively the overthrow of neerly, if not quite all the before the people, than with this bill in my entitled to all offices of prominence, and who ancient republics? And is it not a fair way of look forward with expectation of filling the situation, when a fat salary would be quite past? At least it will be acknowledged, that welcome. It is my opinion, toat the people had what has happened may happen again-Then upersede the amendment proposed by the gen-leman from Kentucky. Take notice, said he, say they were pretty heavily burthened with the means of the overthrow of the only ret was necessary, in defence of their rights: ut the whole bill, and insert in heu thereof a that the adoption of the compensation law, was aggrandizing ourselves, and laying addithey complained? Although I have no doubt but what the agitation in the public mind was, spred its destructive venom throughout all

er this feeling in the public mind, is alive, lib-erty is safe. The people will correct any errors that may be gone into by their agents. Mr. D said, this was an unpleasant subject o touch upon, and what made it rather emmembered by the chair, or perhaps the chairman might not have thought it worth while to
remember, that at the last session, he (Mr.
Randolph) had made a motion, limiting the sarcasms, and ridicule attempted to be attached to all those who were opposed to the sums of money; but are these necessary ap. compensation bill, last session, and particu- pendages to legislation ! I conceive not. ty impelled, he trusted he should never be quence to the public, than the man who sports their immediate representatives; more than tow, that but one class, viz. the weathy, who could afford the expense, and did not depend on their own personal industry, would serve on their own personal industry, would serve But this would change the nature of the go.

The weathy, who could never be quence to the public, than the man who sports found wanting; that to do so found wanting; that he should not interfere away his time, and expends his money on vain the branch, more expension of our liberties.

Mr. B. said he held it correct, that every Mr. R. said he was disposed to leave the act. with a correspondent liberality, as he should

of the members of Congress, with the pay of a number of the officers of government, com-mencing with the President of the United States, and coming down to the Sargeant of Arms, and Door keeper. I will appeal to my honorable colleague's candor, to say whether

toes were raised so high as to give a spring to extravg ance, by making money the first sideration, you give at once a vital stab to patriotism. Patriotism will sink under sordid avarice, the precursor of the downfall o republics. The first consideration of wise le wish to perpetuate liberty, and their happy in I certainly will operate as an entering wedge to free governments, extravagance and luxury the whole stream must become poluted when it commences with your heads of go officers of government, it will ramify, and orders of society, until the prostration of our

ment, was a favorable symptom , for while ev-But more particularly to the point-Is fifteen hundred dollars too much for a member of Congress to receive for his service, taking nsideration the expences he must ne-

officer of government ought to have an ample compensation for services. He ought not to said, wish to go before the people of the U. The Chairman having declared that Mr. Randolph's motion did not supersede that of Mr. Johnson—

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Mr. Randolph said, from the scantiness of his pay, said he rejoiced when his honorable colleague by some respect to economy. My opinion is, the act of the last session would revive the said. no compensation we could give, would give,

Some who have done so, always reflect on it with deep segree.

With B and, at his was the last session have the search of the region of the relationship of the relati vernment and must be submitted to, or a fatal stroke is made at the strength of our gov rnment, which will operate as a damper patriotism, and sow the seeds of avarice the bane of civil liberty, or produce avarice and luxury, the introduction of which is destructive to governments, whose base or strength, Mr. D. said he should vote for filling up the

blank with no sum but six dollars; he was opposed to the compensation bill when it was adopted; he still thought it wrong, and was in favour of placing the pay of members on their former footing, and also for the repealing law taking effect from the commencement of this session; or, if gentlemen please, from the termination of last. One word as to an expression made use of by a gentleman, which was,

that a few months ago, after long discussion and mature deliberation, we passed this law.

Mr. Chairman, what is the fact? The bill. vas introduced on the 6th of March, read the first and second time agreeably to rule, and committed to a committee of the whole, and made the order of the day for the seventh. On the 7th, the house went in committee of the whole on the bill in the after part of the day. The bill was under discussion in the committee about three or four hours, when the com-mittee rose, reported the bill, and ordered it to be engrossed for a third reading on the 8th, and on the 8th the bill passed the House of Representatives; only one day intervened between the day of its introduction, and the day it passed and left the House.

In the few remarks I have submitted, I have cautiously avoided personalities, or any exentlemen; and trust that a correspondent li-erality will be measured out to me.

MR. ROBERTSON, of Louisianna, proposed to trike out the first section of the bill, at once o effect the rejection; to ascertain, without ircumlocution, whether the House seriously neant to undo at this session what they had one at the last.

Being informed by the chairman that such a notion was not now in order, Mr. R expressed was not, as he was desirous to snew that he at least would adhere to opinions deliberately formed. He agreed to the position that the public voice, correctly understood, ought to be obeyed. What public voice, then, eard he, am I to obey ? That of my own constituents. The only remark Mr R. said, that he thought proper to make on this question at the last session, was, that the vote which he should give would be known to his constituents before is election. That vote had been before them, and no objection had been made to it. oice of his constituents, therefore, Mr. R. said. did not require him to vote for the repeal of a

law for which they had no objection.

He confessed, he said, that his principal obect, at the last session, was to place the mempers in the same relative situation, as to comcensation, as other officers of the government; hat this House should not be considered as the mere avenue to executive appointment-in a word that the nation should be represented in this House by the talents and character which ught to belong to it. This branch of this good vernment; the ligislature, was placed first in the constitution and in the spirit of the government, but had become last in the idministration of it. First principles he said, ought to be adhered to; and that place which Congress holds under the constitution it ought to hold in the administration of the government.

Looking back to the history of the government, how few of those who had had the honor of seat on this floor, distinguished by talent, had remained here! They had either gone home to support their families or had gone over to the Executive. Whatever might be said here in ontempt of money, offices are more sought after, and if not more honorable are more cessarilly incur here? But this question will Devoted as I am to the democratic branch of depend upon circumstances : It will depend the government, said Mr. R. I wish to place it to those who got an oppportunity of consider the man who is always at his post, ing against the measure. But where duis and is attentive to his duty, of more conse-

of the last sess on untouched. He did not, he

any question of expediency, he would give the vote required, or retire from their service .-With regard to any question involving the constitution, he did not acknowledge his obligation to obey instructions, but, if he had aropportunity, he would even in that case retire, opportunity, he would even in that case tetric, and give them an opportunity to choose one who would. Was this public opinion to be found in the clamors at cross roads and popular meetings? There was a mode, he said, in which public opinion could be expressed to this House, see the people knew the mode.—Mr. R. said he did not feel himself bound to segard as public opinion the statements of the to serve our own views, at the expence of our be more than sufficient for ther consumption

should, he said, vote against any proposed modification of the law of the last session, going is to reduce the amount of compensation: for it in vain for gentlemen to talk about honor as an inducement to serve here, when it has not heen sufficient to induce mentions to remain in this printed calico short rowns. Bettiered to extract the party of strength of the designing.

"Their women, the nine tenths of whom are back to the shore by the steam boat Ætna, which was plying to and fro, with a party of dignified in their manners, notwithstanding the shore by the steam boat Ætna, which was plying to and fro, with a party of dignified in their manners, notwithstanding the shore by the steam boat Ætna, which was plying to and fro, with a party of dignified in their manners, notwithstanding the shore by the steam boat Ætna, which was plying to and fro, with a party of dignified in their manners, notwithstanding the shore by the steam boat Ætna, which was plying to and fro, with a party of dignified in their manners, notwithstanding the shore by the steam boat Ætna, which was plying to and fro, with a party of dignified in their manners, notwithstanding the shore by the steam boat Ætna, which was plying to and fro, with a party of dignified in their manners, notwithstanding the shore by the steam boat Ætna, which was plying to and fro, with a party of dignified in their manners, notwithstanding the shore by the steam boat Ætna, which was plying to and fro, with a party of dignified in their manners, notwithstanding the shore by the steam boat Ætna, which was plying to and fro, with a party of dignified in their manners, notwithstanding the shore by the steam boat Ætna, which was plying to and fro, with a party of dignified in their was plying to and fro, with a party of dignified in their was plying to and fro, which was plying to and fro, which was plying to and from their shore by the steam boat dignified in their was plying to and from their shore by the steam boat dignified in their was plying to and from their shor inducement to serve here, when it has not been sufficient to induce members to remain in this House, when executive appointments were offered to them. If the act were repealed, he cared not what modification took place; if he cared not what modificatio

mand with as, and the Gol. himself, heading the expedition. His motives for so doing have, no doubt, ere this, been communicated to the modoubt, ere this, been communicated to the control of the Legislature of the country to punish all such offences, and they would do him ample justice. Maryland, which obtained a similar privilege of the control of the Legislature of the country to punish all such offences, and they would do him ample justice. Maryland, which obtained a similar privilege for six years, expired in January last, and has General and consequently to you: a repetition,
therefore, is unaccessary. Our progress ondian agent who has turned him over to colward was retarded only from a want of knowl-

"When the vessels came to anchor at the bar, six miles below the mouth of the river Colonel Miller and Boyer, & myself proceeded up the river to examine the country. On our arrival at the first settlement, we were hailed and saluted by such of the multia as could be assembled in time to receive us. This party was headed by justice B. Reaume, a civil officer for the county of St. Clair, commissioned miration. Whilst she was laying at the what the Governor of Indiana : he addressed Col. Millar for and in behalf of the people under his jurisdiction expressing the satisfaction they felt in seeing the American flag set up in their country, and hoped that, for the future it would never ceuse of waving over their heads. After returning the judge's civilities with discharges of musketry, and treating his ragamuffins with some liquor, we departed to pay a visit to Thomas, the Indian chief of the Manominies, whose village consists of three large lodges, and directly opposite to where the judge had paid us such marked attention. On our landing we were again saluted as we had been by On our entrance, Thomas rose from ig about sixty Indians, and met us half way from where he was sitting, presenting his hand to each of us, complimenting us at the same time on our safe arrival, and courteously point ed to clean mats prepared for the occasion where we were to set down. Col. Boyer, who while at Mackinac, had received a pipe of in-vitation from him, produced it, lighted it, and presented it to smoke to the chief, his young men and visitors. That ceremony being over, the Colonel informed Thomas of the obj his mission to this country, and assured the In dians, through him, that the garrison to be built was for the purpose of protecting them and preventing dad birds from hovering among them The talk was well received by the in future. Indians, and answered immediately through Thomas, who acquiesced in every proposition made on our part, and expressed great satisfac-

made on our part, and expressed great satisfac-tion at what had been told him.

"From thence we descended to where the French had their garrison. It is about one mile from the mouth of the river, on its left bank. The position is admirably calculated for a military post, and is not unlike Spring sand mound of considerable ex tent; to the north it is joined by a ridge, which almost imperceptibly to the eye descends for almost imperceptibly to the eye desce two or three miles, at the distence of 1,010 s, I found, on calculation, that we were 1-2 feet lower than the mound; this ridge ing the highest land within three or four its rear is a cranberry marsh of half a mile in extent; in front, the river, with low lands on the need on the Coast of Norway to the North extent; in front, the river, with low lands on its opposite shore; and above an extensive prairie, some few feet lower than said mound "The country bordering on this bay and Fox river far exceeds in beauty any account given of it. The lands on entering the river are low and marshy, and from the extent of the marshes would indicate an unhealthy country, which, by no means, is the case; the inhabitants are remarkably robust and healthy, and do not recollect to have seen among them one

single case of those diseases so common to jects of rational curiosity which will be presented and opened at their though only half a mile from those marshes, and encamped immediately on the cranberry marsh before mentioned, are, if any thing, healthier than the men at Mackinack. The banks of the river continue low for two or three miles up, which the courts and final insignificance.

ALEX'R. PARKER & SON,

HAVE just received and opened at their store on Main-street, opposite the courts house in Lexington,

IN ADDITION TO THEIR FORMER ASSORTMENT,

Ladies heat Kid and Morocco Sliphers, assorted. miles up, when they gradually rise 80 or 10 feet above the water, from whence commence forests of pine, oak and maple. The whole of the river upwards is said to be of the same na-ture. To this may be attributed the healthi ness of the country, the S. W. winds prevailing throughout the summer, and blowing immediate ately down the valley formed by the river, and meeting no pools of stagnant water in its coure must necessarily be pure; and when any other

said Mr. R we owe it to the people, we owe it to ourselves to let them know what we are: we owe it to them not to shift or vary our course, to catch the popular opinion and thus to serve our own representations.

have partly adopted the fudian in their manthought it his duty to vote for the repeal, and
his circumstances would permit it, he should
certainly feel himself bound to refund what he
had received, under the act, beyond the rate of
six dollars per day; but, voting against any repeal or modification of the law, he should not
cell himself bound to vote for that proposition.

(Debate to be continued in our next.)

FROK THE NATIONAL REGISTAL.

Extract of a letter from Maj. C. Gratiot, of the
corps of engineers, to Capt. II. Waiting, aid
of flaj Gen. Macmb, dated at Green Bay,
2d September, 1816.

"It is unnecessary to say any thing; of our
voyage from Detroit to Mackinac, which was,
the others, very tedous and uninter-tang—
from Mackinac we proceeded to this place
an farce, having not less than four vessels in
monapany, containing most of Gof. Miller's command with as, and the Col, himself, heading
the expedition. His motives for so doing have,
no doubt, ore this, been communicated to the
off the care of the motive for so doing have,
no doubt, ore this, been communicated to the
off the care that the care the propose of the inhabitation of the law, the day before yesterday, who had
been and the richier dress is that worn by the French man,
the original and the county was well steek.

"Before the war this country was well steek,
and thorses; some of the inhabitation of the law, he should not
the with cattle and horses; some of the inhabitation of the law, he should not
the with cattle and horses; some of the inhabitation of the law, and thorses, they then had plenty and lived
the with cattle and horses; some of the inhabitation of the law with the most universal to the with the most universal to the dwith cattle and horses are
mostly destroyed by the budians, and the only
the them is now their cattle and horses are
mostly destroyed by the budians, and the only
the them is not be the continued operation, of the
corps of engineers, to capt. It Wining, and
the war that not the results and the original to the contin ward was retarded only from a want of knowledge of the waters we had to navigate; which however, we found easy and unattended with difficulties. The S. E. coast of the bay is elevated and rocky, furnishing fine harbors for vessels. The tands receding from the shore are beautiful and covered with fine overgrown forests of maple, oak, birch and white walnut trees.

"When the vessels came to anchor at the

EASTERN MAGNIFICENCE.

FROM THE BOSTON INTELLIGENCER, OF JAN. 21 Cleopatra's Barge - The elegant equipment of this vessel, by Mr. Crowninshield for a vo in Salem, we have heard she attracted compa from various surrounding places to view so pe fect a specimen of nautical architecture sumptuous accommodation. Eighteen hundre ladies, it is asserted, visited her in the cours of one day. Cleopatra's Barge measures about 200 tons, and is modelled after one of the swiftest sailing ships which was ever driven by the wind. Being introduced on board, you descend into a magnificent saloon, about 20 feet long and 19 feet broad, finished on all sides with mahogany, inlaid with other ornamental wood The settees of the saloon are of splendid work manship; the backs are shaped like the ancier yre, and the sears are covered with crimse silk velvet, bordered with a very wide edgin of gold lace. Two splendid mirrors, standin either end, and a magnificent chandelier, sus pended in the centre of the saloon, give a rich ess of effect to it, not easily surpassed. In stead of births on the sides of this hall, the are closets for the tea equipage and suit of plate for the dinner table, which are finished in a high style of elegance. The after cabin contains sleeping accommidations for the under officers of the vessel The owner's and captain's state rooms are very commodious

The conveniences for the kitchens and stew ard's apartments may be considered models i their way. There are equeducts in all parts of the vessel which require them. The intention of Mr. Crowninshield, we understand, is to proceed in the first instance to the Western Islands thence through the Streights of Gibraltar, and following the windings of the left coast of the Mediterranean, will touch at every priciple cit on the route, which will be, round the Island of Sicily up the Gulf of Venice to Trieste, along the coast of Albania and the Morea, through the Grecian Archipelugo to the Dardanelles; if permitted by the Turkish authorities he will proceed through the sea of Marmora to Constantinople, thence coasting along the ports of the Black Sea, to the Sea of Asov he will return by the way of the Isle of Cyprus, upon the south side of the Mediterranean; stopping at Acre. Jerusalem, and Alexandria, on his way, and saftmiles of it, determined us, at once to occupy it. It is within one mile from the mouth of the niver and commands it completely. On Cape, and perhaps into the white Sea-from th point he may go to Spitzbergen and Iceland, and thence crossing an immense ocean to the Coast of South America, touching at various ports, he will complete the tour of his destina tion, and arrive at Salem
It is much to be desired that a gentleman of

THE NATIVITY.

On Christmas day last an old gentleman, residing in the township of Barton, and who was remarkable for keeping what he called the na-tivity, was visited by 6 daughters and daughters in law; but as the weather in the evening became somewhat unpleasant, they made up their minds to stay with him during the night, to which he very cheerfully consented; and both by his actions and his humorous, jacose, both by his actions and his humorous, jacose, leaving the subscribers having just star must necessarily be pure; and when any other winds to stay with him during the night, to the resolutions of court-house meetings.

That he asked, was the duty of a representative on this floor? To think and express his own sentiments, openly, fairly and explicitly of course, blow towards the settlements the noxious exhalations from those marshes; but these winds being of a short duration, and the man believes his opinions correct, he ought to athere to them. If they are good they are valuable to the nation. If bad, they will be deprived of his political existence. Above all, said Mr. R we owe it to the people, we owe it to ourselves to let them know what we are: we gather considerable crops of wheat complete the six ladies were put to bed, each being positively defivered of a new grand child, to assist the old

be more than sufficient for the consumption.

So serve our own views, at the expense of our conviction of what is true, and what the public interest require.

M. R. said he would not enter into the discussion about the competency of six, seven or eight or ten dollars to the mantanance of a mother. The amount, he said, was a sort of bed of Procrustes, to which we might accommodate ourselves without pain, by curtailment or expansion, so as to suit its dimentions. We might the on the former allowance; a weshould have been might into on the former allowance; a weshould have been might into the content of the work of lexington, opposite Lewis Sandro of New-Orleans She was rebuilt and launched in the sind, of little importance to him in a point, he said, of little importance to him in a point, he said, of little importance to him in a point, he said of little importance to him in a point, he said of little importance to him in a point, he said on the content of the content of the work, by Mestrs. Gorham to be same declarated, him of the extremely propriet of view, and he presumed any gentleman in the House might make with truth the same declarated, his only motive for voting for the act was to piace the members of this with an equality with other departments of the government. He designing.

The word of the respective preserving the mannature of the work, by Mestrs. Gorham the same declarated, his only motive for voting for the act was to piace the members of this for fature; with the opportunity of nature of the designing.

The word of the first inst. the steam boat Vesuvius, which had been ournt to the water's edge on the late of the late of the first him the the cheers of numerous spectators. The tattly late had been ournt to the water's edge on the late of the late had been ournt to the water's edge on the late of her had been ournt to the water's edge on the late of her had been ournt to the water's edge on the late of her had been ournt to the water's edge on the late of her had been ournt to the water's edge o

not since been renewed.

JAMES SMITH, U. S. Agent for Vaccination. Baltimore, 14th Jan. 1817. Editors friendly to the interest of hu-

amity will, it is hoped, insert the above com-

TRESH LAPORTATIONS.

JUST RECEIVED, a large supply of SHOES of every kind, suitable for the season—WINES LIQUORS, and GROCERIES of every kind I intend going to Philadelphia and Baltimore shortly. All those indebted to to me, either by note or book account, are requested to come and settle, for no further indulgence can be expected WILLIAM ROSS. Nov. 2.

BROWN SUGAR.

TOSHUA HUMPHREYS, has just received Excellent Brown Sugar,

which he will sell low. WHOLESALE OF RETAIL, at his commission house, on main street.

He will give sixty-two and a half bushel, for merchantable FLAX-SEED

For Sale,

THE MOUSE & LOT in Market street, now reupied by Mr. Desforges, first door below the ew Preshyterian Church, and third above the Episcopalian.—For terms apply to Mr. John L. Wartin, or to the subscriber, one and one-lourth miles north of Lexington. JABEZ VIGUS.

April 8, 1816.

Stop the Runaway.

PANAWAY from the subscriber on the 4th instant, a negro woman named MARY, about 37 years of age, had on when she went away, s check cotton frock, a wool hat, and a very large cotton shawl of different colors. Any person bringing her home, or securing her, so that I get her again, shall be handsomely rewarded.

W. W. GRAVES.

To my Friends and the Public in general.

JOHN MARSH has again commenced the SPINNING BUSINESS. He has in his employment workmen of the best kind.—Cotton Varn for sale of the best quality, and as the p as any in the western country. I also wish to inform the public that I have ready for sale, one SPINNING THROSTLE of 108 spindles with all the recent dles, with all the necessary preparation ma-chinery; and will have finished by the first of January, 1807, two more machines of the same amount. Those persons wishing to purchase Machinery, can also be accommodated with a first rate workman to superintend their busi ness.

Tobacco.

1000 hhds. WANTED .-- Enquire of J. & T. G. PRENTISS. Jan. 17.

For Rent,

3-3

Ladies best Kid and Morocco Slippers, assorted.
Ladies Cork-soal Shoes and Boottees, assorted.
Ladies Cork-soal Shoes and Boottees, assorted.
The best Imperial and Young Hyson TEAS.
Loaf Sugar and Coffee.
Madder, Indigo, Ginger and Mustard.
The best Madeira & London particular WINES.
The best Port Wine and French Brandy.
They have also lately opened very cheap Flannels and rose Blankets—All of which they will sell on the most reasonable terms for Cash, Country Linea and Liusey.



All orders will be thankfully received and ladelphia prices.

agreeable to purchasers, will be sold in larger

One third of the purchase money will be required in hand—on the balance, a liberal credit will be given of one, two and three years. The title is unexceptionable, the situation on one of the most improving streets in Lexington.—Apply to

Lexington.—Apply to WILLIAM MACBEAN, or JOHN WRIGGLESWORTH. June 20, 1816.

Dancing School.

JOHN DARRAC, (Professor of Dancing,) DESPECTFULLY informs the Ladies and Gen themen of Lexington and its vicinity, that his DANCING SCHOOL will be expended on Friday the 18th of October, at Mr. Cornelius Coyle's house, corner of Jordan's Row and Main-street, where he proposes to teach the art of Dancing in all its varius branches, with a variety of new and fashi

Persons desirons of being instructed are requested to apply at Mr. Giron's Confectionary Store, Mill-street, or to John Darrae at Mr. Wickliff's tavern. An Evening S 'hool will be opened for a limited number of young gentlemen on an immediate application—his time would not permit him otherwise to attend.

Regular PRACTISING BALLS will be estab shed as soon as his pupils are sufficiently instructed.
October 7.
41

PAPER HANGINGS,

THE Subscribers repectfully inform the La dies and Gentlemen of Lexington and its vicinity, that they have just received an elegant

French and American Paper Hangings,

Which they offer for sale at very moderate es. Among them there are a few sets of the Monuments of Paris, Views of the City and Bay of Naples, with

an elegant representation of Mount vesu-Captain Cook's voyage in the Pacific Ocean

and a representation of his death by the Owyhee nation.

A view of the Chase,

Paul and Virginia, and some views in India They also have received a few handsome figures for Chimney boards

They have also received an extensive assort-

GROCERIES,

Consisting of Teas, Coffee and Chocolate. Loaf, Lump and Brown Sugar.

Raisins, Almonds and Brunes. Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs, Allspice, Pepper, Mustard, Cinnamon, Race and Ground Ginger.

Indigo, Allum, Madder, Brimstone, Copperas, Glue and Rosin. Lancaster, Scotch and Maccoboy Snuff Spanish and Common Segars.
M'Queys best Chewing Tobacco.

Wines, French Brandy, Jamaica Spirits, Holland Gin and Whisky.—Best Quality. Cod Fish, Shad, Salmon, Mackarel, Scotch and

Pickled Herrings.
Wash Balls, Shaving Soap, New-England
Cheese and Sweet Oil.

The Subscribers continue to put up Paper Hangings, and execute

PAINTING & GLAZING.

Orders from the adjoining towns for any thing in their line, shall be promptly attended to. The highest price in CASH, will be given for clean FLAXSEED.

DOWNING & GRANT. Lexington, Dec. 2.

KENTUCKY INSURANCE OFFICE. 3

THE Directors for the Kentucky Insurance Company have this day declared a dividend of five dollars on each share for the last half ear, which will be paid to the stockholders or their legal representatives, at their office on and after the 6th inst.

J. L. MARTIN, Cash'r.

S. H. WOODSON,

A SMALL and convenient BRICK HOUSE & LOT, for a small family, on Main-street, above the Post-Office, for one year—application to David Todd or myself.

C. CARR.

Law. His office is kept in a front room of the brick building opposite Capt. Postlethwait's brick building opposite Capt. Postlethwait's Inp. 1-tf Jan. 6, 1817. THE WESTERN

Piano-Forte Manufactory, Jordan's Row, next door to the Reporter Printing Office.

T. L. EVENDEN,

MANUFACTURER of PIANO-FORTES, (many years in London and five years in Philadelphia,) respectfully informs ladies and gentlemen of the Western Country, that he has re-moved to Lexington, where he manufactures Piano-Fortes; which for goodness, beauty, and price combined, cannot be equalled from any source; on the truth of which assertion, and on self on the most reasonable terms for Cash, Country Linen and Linsey.

49tf Lexington, Nov. 20, 1816.

The One of the Subscribers having just start ed to Philadelphia for the purpose of bringing out a large assortment of goods, in order to make room for them, those on hand will be sold on very reduced prices either by wholesale or retail for Cash.

Jan. 10. 1817.

A. PARKER & SON.

Jan. 10. 1817.

A. PARKER & SON.

Jan. 10. 1816.

Source; on the truth of which assertion, and on that only, T. L. E. presumes to ask that patronage from a discerning public, for which he is solicitous, and hopes when it is found that his Pianos (on the result of long experience) are preferable to others of American make, and no deaver—and equal to the best imported—made of better materials—stand the climate better—and 20 per cent cheaper—that he will meet that encouragement that skill, liberality, and industry may reasonably hope for from a liberal public; which will at all times be gratefully received by their most obedient servant,

Dec. 27, 1816.

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscribers have just received, and are now opening, a large and extensive Assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

Which they offer for sale either by Wholesale or Retail, at a small advance for Cash.

Tilford, Trotter & Co. P. S. Among other articles they have CAR-PETING for Rooms, Passages, &c. Also, a consignment of GOLD and SILVER Also, a consignment of GOLD and SILVER PATENT LEVER WATCHES, for sale at Phi-

T. T. & CO. 128-tf January 1st, 1817.

Take Notice.

ALL those indebted to the estate of Margaret For Sale,

Seven lots on Water Street, beginning below Bradford & Bowles Steam Mill, to the corner of Spring street, opposite the Play-house, the whole containing 200 feet front on Water street, and upwards of 90 feet on Spring street, this ground will be so divided as to make Seven Lots, of about 29 feet each, but if more agreeable to purchasers, will be sold in larger

LEROY ROSE.

THE KENTUCKY ALMANAC, FOR THE YEAR OF OUR LORD

1817, Is just published and for sale at this Office,

the gross, dozen, or single.

Orders from a distance will be strictly at-The Third Volume

Of Bradford's Edition of the LAWS OF KENTUCKY

THIS work is now in the press, and the printing nearly finished. The publication will be delayed a few weeks, in order to add to it the laws of the ensuing session of the general assembly. It will then comprehend all the General Laws which have been passed since the publication of the second volume, and the three volumes contain the whole status laws of Kentucky.

tte laws of Kentucky.

We have on hand a few copies of the first and second volumes. Gentlemen wishing to provide themselves with a complete copy of the laws. will do well by applying soon, as they will remain a very short time on hand when the third volume is

TAKEN UP by Randol Hayley, living in Fayette county, six miles from Lexington, on the on-works road, one SURREL MARE, three rears old next spring, has a blaze face, the right eye lid torn, flaxen mane and tail, about four feet high. Appraised to ten dollars, this 2d day of Dec. 1816. A true copy from the record. 3-0

JAS. WOOD, J. P. F. C. DIRECT TAX OF 1816.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber has received lists of the Direct Tax of the United States, for 1816, remaining due upon property in the following counties in the state of Kentucky, not owned, occupied or su-perintended by some person residing within the col-lection district in which it is situate, and that he is authorised to receive the said taxes with an addition of ten per cent thereon: Provided such payment is made within one year after the day on which the Collector of the district where such property hes, had notified that the tax had become due on the

For what county. Date of Collector's notification that the Tax had become due

Fayette, Oct 1, 1816. Jessamine, ditto Woodford ditto Sept 23, 1816. Butler, ditto Logan, Barren, ditto Warren, ditto Cumberland, Aug. 28, 1816 Bourbon. Bracken, ditto Mason, Nicholas, ditto ditto Lewis, ditto Campbell, Sept. 26, 1816. Boone, ditto Harrison. Franklin, ditto Scott, ditto Pendleton. ditto Gallatin, ditto Collector's Office, Jan. 21, 1817 JOHN H. MORTON,

Collector designated by the Secretary of the Treasury. Printers authorised to publish the laws, in this state, are requested to insert the above eight weeks; and forward their accounts.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having any claims against the estate of the late Richard Cave, dee are desired to bring them forward for adjustment, and those indebted, are earnestly called on to make immediate payment to LEWIS SULLIVAN, LEWIS SULLIVAN, LOHN HAWKINS, LEX'TOTS SULLIVAN, LEX'TOTS SUL Woodford county, Nov. 1816: ... 4-6

Sentucky Gazette.

"True to his charge—"He comes, the Herald of a misy world;
"News from all nations lumb'ring at his bac

LEXINGTON, MONDAY, FEBRUARY S

Summary of legislative proceedings HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The following is an extract from the report of the committee in the House of Representation of the shop!—N. C. Minerva.

tives on internal navigation, viz:

"Your committe think it only necessary, in addition thereto, to add, that as there is a bill before this house for establishing a lock navigation company to clear out the obstructions in the Kentucky river from its mouth to the Frankfort bridge, your committee recommend that said bill be passed into a law, with such modifications and amendments as may be thought necessary, and that the commissioners to be appointed to examine the Kentucky river examine the same from the Frankfort bridge to the highest point of navigation, and not below In regard to the obstructions in said bridge. In regard to the obstructions in the falls of the Ohio river, your committee are informed, that a law has been lately passed by the legislature of Indiana, incorporating a com pany to open a canal on the Indiana side, which ought to engage the legislature of Kentucky to make such arrangements as will prevent the infant state of Indiana from gaining any advan-tage over the state of Kentucky, which, from age, wealth and population, ought certainly

On a bill to increase the capital of the state bank, Mr. Booker offered an amendment, that whenever the bank should hereafter refuse specie, it should forfeit the privileges granted to take the lead." by the act, which was negatived. Also, Mr. Rudd offered an amendment to prohibit any bank director from being eligible to the legislature, which shared the same fate. An act has passed both houses to compel circuit judges to reside within the bounds of their cir cuits. On Saturday the house was principally engaged in local matters, but passed a bill further to suspend law process in certain cases, which continues the replevin law. The bill to prevent the circulation of private notes, has passed both houses. Also, the resolutions relative to the navigation of the Mississippi. A bill authorising the sale of Bibb's Reports, the proceeds to be appropriated to the purchase of a state library, has, on motion of Mr. Rowan, been laid on the table till the On Monday last the bill to establish an Independent Bank at Louisville, was rejected-ayes 36, nays 44. The house have passed an act to regulate the fees of Sheriffs and Constables, which affords a complete table of the fees of those officers.

On Monday Mr. Breckinridge read and laid on the table the following resolution : "Resolved, That the general assembly of the commonwealth of Kentucky, provide by law, for electing a governor to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of our late govern-

On Tuesday the committee appointed to examine charges against Samuel Turner, Jus-tiee of the peace for Gallatin, reported that he had resigned. The committee on finance reported, that it is unnecessary to lay any additional tax, and recommend the subscription of 25.000 dollars to the state Bank, and 12,500 semi-annually when the state dividend shall be declared. The house then went into committee of the whole, on the resolution concerning a new election of governor, and spent the rest of the day in debate.

A resolution laid on the table in the early part of the session, providing for a removal of the seat of government, was rejected on Wed

nesday, 20 in the affirmative.

The Senate approved last week of the nominations of judges Trimble and Johnson.

The Senate determined on yesterday against reducing the circuit court judges' salaries, by a majerity of six votes.

tablishment of a new Executive Department, munication with our head quarters. to be called the Hame Department, was again under consideration, and gave rise to a debate of considerable interest, as we learn, (not having been present)—in which the bill was defended and supported by Messrs. Roberts, Barbour and Sanford, and opposed by Messrs. Tait, Macon and King. It appears to be doubtful what is to be the fate of this bill, notwithstanding the decided recommendation of the meas-

ture in Congress of the Declaration of Independence. On this bill there was a debate, Mr. the further detention of our ship in the Medi-Barbour being its principal supporter. The terranean. Of the necessity of maritime employment to an officer of my grade, with yet a execution of four pictures of the principal events of our Revolutionary History, and the reputation to acquire, you are sufficiently accurate to the principal events of our Revolutionary History, and the support of the principal events of our Revolutionary History, and the principal events of our Revolutionary History, and the principal events of our Revolutionary History, and the principal events of the principal events o vents of our Revolutionary History; and thus ware; and, while others are seduously deco-ware amended was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time.—Nat. Int.

From a Report made by the Acting Secretary ware; and, while others are seduously deco-ware; and, while others are seduously deco-ware; and, while others are seduously deco-ting themselves to a service, now holding of War, in obedience to a resolution of the forth the brightest prospects to the ambitious house of Representatives, it appears that the

The House of Representatives yesterday reterm for which George Madison was elected. Yeas 61, nays 26. The Senate immediately concurred 28 to 3. The yeas and nays will be given hereafter. solved, after a discussion of near three days, go

LEGISLATIVE MUNIFICENCE. The Maryland House of Delegates have passed a Resolution, granting the sum of Thirty Thousand Dollars to the Hospital at Balti-The Baltimore Gazette concludes an article on this subject with the following pertinent remark—" It is such acts that legisla-tors entitles themselves to the thanks and gratitude of their constituents."

PRICE CURRENT, Gibraltar Nov. 20. "Indian Corn, or Maize, for forage, 2 25 to 2 50-Flour, 14, a 15, fresh very scarce-Pork, 11 to 12, and Beef, 10 to 11; Staves, 65-Kentucky Tobacco, 28 to 32-Virginia, 23 to 26."

The price demanded for Flour at Boston, or Monday last was 15 dollars per barrel. We do not understand, however, that any quantity was sold at that price.

From the New-York Gazette, Jan. 17.

Loss of the United States' brig Chippewa The United States' brig Chippewa, Lieut Read, sailed from Boston on the 27th of Nov. bound to the Gulph of Mexico. On the 12th of December was stranded on a reef of rocks extending from the northwest point of the Grand Caicos Island. Vessel lost-part of her

Reward for the cure of a Cancer in his mouth, with his palace, whither he used to retire. It We learn that Gen. THOMAS, of Milledgville, as since died of the complaint.

SINGULAR TITLE .- I was a little suprised, the other day, on receiving from Kentucky, a newspaper headed the National Pulse! But on looking a little further I found the reason of the singular cognomination. The paper is edited by a physician, and the thing only smells

One hundred barrels of Superfine Flour, were sold in this town yesterday, for \$ 1500 -a higher price, we believe, than this article ever before commanded in this market.

days before he sailed with letters some of which stated, that the Portuguese had taken possession of Monte Video; and others, that the Portuguese troops had deserted, and gone

Loammi Baldwin, esq of Cambridge Mass has, accepted of the appointment of Principal Engineer of the Board of Public Works, of Virginia-with a salary of \$4000 per annumthe expences of his travelling paid.

Extract of a letter from Gen. Bolivar to a gen

Sir-I suppose you have heard through foreign newspapers, the result of my last expediable to form a precise judgement from the wont of a knowledge of the necessary details. The documents which I have the pleasure to send you, will supply this deficiency. I can assure had captured under the Buenos Ayres flag, the you that they are written impartially, and as Spanish ship Guencia. I certainly did so, but the facts occurred.

I have at length organized a new expedition, of Spanish South America is at present such

crative sale for those who undertake business you, that the infamous and unfounded asserof this kind. The ports of Margaretta, Cumana, and Barcelona are open, being already occupied by our troops, and offer to American mertile as a pharm, is a notorious fatshood, and the villian, or villians who have asserted. chants safe points to transact those affairs, and contribute thus nobly to promote the liberty of the country of Carracas. The frequent inter-course between that country and North Ame-a privateer) but of a ship of war, sailing under riea, and the protection which government is ready to afford to honest and industrious forready to afford to honest and mainstrands for eighters who may choose to settle among us, cannot but retrieve very soon the losses we have suffered, and wilf, we trust, give us virtuous citizens. Please to disseminate these ideas a calumny. nong foreigners of probity who may not yet he advantages of our country and fine climate.

As I was writing this, an American vessel, ast arrived from St. Thomas, gives us the pleas-nt news, that La Guira and Carracas have been ant news, that La Guira and Carracas have been evacuated by the Spaniards, and that many of our enemies have been captured by the arrived sloops of Margaretta, at the time of leaving Pampater. This news seems to be very agreeable taking into consideration the defeat of Morales at Tuncal, and that the royalists are not rales at Tuncal, and the royalists are not rales at Tuncal, and the royalists are not rales at strong enough to oppose Generals M'Gregor and Piar's march to the capital. The operations of Tuncal are very glorious to our arms. Service, the chief of the army of New-Granada, who has In the Senate, yesterday, the bill for the es-

I am your affectionate countryman and friend, BOLIVAR.

FROM THE MEDITERRANEAN.

Richmond, dated GIBRALTAR-BAY, Nov. 12.

The Senate afterwards took up the Joint Res lected by the Commodore for the transporta-

have General Staff action, as his gallant spirit fondly panted for, we could have willingly resigned him. Yet he has been taken from us by a just Providence, and we can only love and cherish his

Captain Gordon was by nature gifted with a mind of extraordinary powers, which by his own exertions he had rendered capable of encountering the difficulties of any professional station, with credit to himself and country. For quickness of conception, and uncommon promptness of execution, he was distinguished beyond any man I ever knew - Never embar ressed in the most alarming emergency, and possessing the most desirable knack of inspiring confidence, his presence seemed alone ne cessary in the last extremity to restore every thing to order and arrangement. He had been cruelly persecuted, and if there were a tint of acrimony in his disposition, we may safely say, any man would have been more offensive Oh! weep not, sweet maid! though the bright under half his grievances. However, his worth is recorded in a happier sphere. He died on the 6th September on board this ship, then in the harbor of Messina, and was buried on the 11th with all the pomp and ceremonies due to his rank and merits. To judge from her pre-sent appearance, you would say that the Con-

stellation is destined long to wear the weeds.
September 21st. The Java and this ship left Messina-24th, anchored in the bay of Syracuse. I went on shore for the first time As the rays of the sun o'er the bosom of naspracuse. I went on shore for the first time and visited that curious and very celebrated specimen of ancient ingenuity, 'The ear of Dionysius.' It was the invention of that savsails and rigging saved. The officers and crew specimen of ancient ingenuity, 'The ear of landed on the Island, and went to Turks Island, where they chartered the schr Tryall, and, where they chartered the schr Tryall, and they charte captain M'Keon, and arrived at this port last supposed enemies, and is so constructed as to Revives in the sunshine of beauty in smiles. render distinct and audible the lowest whisper uttered in any part, the sound being conveyed. The crown of the hero, the star of the rover, through means of a secret and scarcely per. The hope that inspires, and the spell that be-

New-Onleans, Jan. 13. | derives its name from its shape, and is lengthy, | A single gentleman advertises, in a provin-

its position, no one being able to comprehend my meaning. Indeed, without introductory letters to persons of intelligence or distinction, murder of his wife, and convicted of main half the objects escape the search of a transient slaughter.

Being joined off the harbor by the Washing captain Downes. Thence we sailed for Tunis, where we fell in with the Peacock, captain Bodgers, from France. Things being as they should be here, we made sail for Algiers, before which place we made sail for Algiers, before which place we made sail for Algiers, before Captain Burchmore, at Salem, from Brazils, which he left the 6th of December, informs, that a vessel arrived at Pernambuco a few have been gellantly and vigorously assaulted, but were too strong to be essentially injured.— It appears the English made use of grape, can-nister and langrage; which answered the obect of slaughtering and driving the desperadoes

opinion, than their appearance and behaviour; hurl defiance at the whole christian world.

We fell in with the Spark, capt. Nicholson, the living good. tleman in Philadelphia, dated Port-au-Prince, from New York, with despatches, between Algiers and Malaga.

From the Noriolk Herald:

Nonfolk, Jan 4.

Gentlemen-In your paper of yesterday ! I must beg to inform you, that the situation I have at length organized a new expedition, and with the same object in view. This expedition is undoubtedly much superior to the former; a greater number of vessels, a greater quantity of military stores, and more men accompanying me to my country, which calls upon me once more. I go back again within six days to give to my fellow-citizens new testimonials of my devotion to their welfare.

The mercantile relations between Venezuela and the United States of America must be henceforth very advantageous to both quarters—for of the summation, clothing, and vessels of war, are articles which must find a ready and lucrative sale for those who undertake business the villian, or villians, who have asserted it, would not have dared, had I been present, to insult the feelings or wound the honor of a have troubled you at this length, but conceiv

1 am, respectfully, gentlemen,

Your obedient servant, JOHN CHASE, Commander of the Independent schr Potosi. To the Editors of the Norfolk, and \ Portsmouth Herald.

LONDON, Nov. 4 "Advices on Saturday reached Lloyd's of the capture on the 6th ult. off Cadiz, of the Cueacia, a Spanish vessel from Havanna, by the Potosi privateer, after a sharp action.—The Cuencia was laden with colonial produce, and \$21,000 for the Cadiz merchants. The Potesi carries 6 guns, and has a crew of 160 men, all natives of the United States with the excep-Extract of a letter from a young Officer of the tion of one Spaniard. The commander is American Navy, to an intimate friend in John Chase, of Baltimore, the same person we believe, who was recently tried and acquitted in America, on a charge on piracy, for The private brig Chauncey having been se. having detained one of his country vessels commission he holds from the Buen-

THE ARMY.

and enterprising, you would blush to see me sporting with my duty and my hopes—a forgotten half pay officer.

The death of my inestimable friend, captain

General Staff of the North Division General Staff of the South Division Corps of Engineers Ordnance Department Regiment of Light Artillery orps of Artillery 2,528 First Regiment of Infantry second Regiment of Infantry Phird Regiment of Infantry Fourth Regiment of Infantry ifth Regiment of Infantry ixth Regiment of Infantry seventh Regiment of Infantry lighth Regiment of Infantry Rifle Regiment

From the Dublin Examiner.

BEAUTY IN SMILES.

tear of beauty To kindred emotion each feeling beguiles; The softness of sorrow no magic can borrow To vie with the splendor of beauty in smiles

Man roves thro' creation a wandering stranger, A dupe to its follies, a slave to its toils; But bright o'er the billows of doubt and of

The rainbow of promise is beauty in smiles.

W. C. C Claiborne, Esq. has been duly elected by both houses of the legislature, senator to the congress, in the room of J. Brown, nately the laborers employed in its formation.

I was particularly anxious to be shown the fountain of Arethusa; but could not ascertain ficient in music!

A man in New-Jersey has been tried for the

Secret and Comments DIED-In Jessamine county, on, United States and Erie, we stood over to the 25th January, Mrs. SUSANNAH PRYOR, Iripoli, where we were joined by the Ontario, aged about 70. The decease of this lady has

WASHINGTON CITY, Jan. 21. It is with no ordinary feelings, that we announce to our readers the departure from the world, of ALEXANDER JAMES DALLAS, late Secretary of the Treasury, who died at What may be the disposition of the Algerines 2 o'clock, on Thursday morning last, of a sudden attack of disease to which he was subject. He had lived long enough to have secured, by his ability, independence, and indethey are evidently hostile. It seems they have cured, by his ability, independence, and independence of the Grand Scignior—I fatigable zeal in the public service, a conspicfancy, in ships—when most probably they will uous place among the departed great, and, by his private virtues, the respect and esteem of

CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE Law of the United States.



(BY AUTHORITY.)

AN ACT Supplementary to an act to regulate the dutie

on imports and tonuage. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re catives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the tonnage paid by ships or vessles which shall be en ered in the U. States, excepting only auch oreign ships of vessels as shall be entered from ny foreign port or place to or with which ves-els of the U. States are not ordinarily permit ed to go and trade, shall be the same as are provided by the act enntitled " an act imposing duties on the tonnage of ships or vessels. of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety: Provided always, That nothing in this act contain d shall be deemed in any wise to mpair any rights and privileges which have been or may be acquired by any foreign nation under the laws and treaties of the U. States re-

lative to the duty on tonnage of vessels.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted. That on all foreign ships or vessels, which shall be entered in the U. States before the thirtieth day of June next, from any foreign port or place, to and with which vessels of the U. States are not orlinarily permitted to go and trade, there shall be paid a duty at the rate of two dollars per ton. And the duties provided by this act shall e levied and collected in the same manner and nder the same regulations as are prescribed by aw, in relation to the duties upon tonnage new

January 14, 1617.—Approved, JAMES MADISON.

LOOK HERE!

A FEW weeks ago, some person, whose name 1 do not remember, gave me a horse to sell to the highest bidder. He appeared a sus-picious character, and on examination he beame aiarmed and went off, saying he would be back the next day and satisfy me. It appears to me he must have stolen the horse; ow if the owner will come and prove property he may have him. He is a dark prown color, and is 16 or 17 hand high.

5-3 HUGHCRAWFORD.

Lost,

Ubes on the 9th ult. Several of them were diamond, and two dollars and fifty cents in wounded, some dangerously." cash. Whoever finds it, and delivers the diamond to the printer or myself, may have the THOS. T. BURNS. Lexington, Jan 31.

NOTICE

Kentucky Mutual Assurance Company, against losses by Fire.

THE annual meeting of the shareholders will be eld on Monday the 3d of March next, at the office of the Kentucky Insurance Company, in Lexington, at 12 o'clock, for the choice of a President and twelve Directors. All persons who have made astrance in this office are requested to attend. Feb. 1. 5-4 W. MACBEAN, Cl'k.

NOTICE.

ANTED IMMEDIATELY, a young man one throroughly acquainted with keeping books. The most satisfactory evidence as to integrity and good character, will be required -and good wages will be given by the subscri-

ber, at the Indian Queen Tavern, Lexington.
Jan. 27. 5-3
BENJ. LANPHEAR.
024
N. B. Also wanted, two trusty negro women at the above establishment.

A Great Coat Lost.

A new drab great coat with a large cape and pink flannel lining, was taken from my house a few nights since-satisfactory compen sation will be made on its return. CHARLES HUMPHREYS. January 30, 1817.

Fayette County, set.

Taken up by William Roman, five miles from

Lexington, on the Hickman Road, one DARK BAY MARE, seven years old, thirteen hands two inches high, no brands, shod before hands two inches high, no oranus, snot before, some white on her left hind foot. Appraised to Ten Dollars by E. Porter and R. Wright, before me this 24th day of January, 1817.

5-3*

O KEEN J. P.

Flour, Wheat & Corn. HE subscribers continue to purchase the

above articles J. & T. G. PRENTISS. February 3d, 1817. 5-tf

A stated meeting of the Sons of Tammany or Brethren of the Columbian Order, will be held at the Council Fire of their Great Wigwam, on Wednesday evening the 5th instant

precisely at the going down of the Sun.

By order

Tammany Society.

F. PENISTON, Sec'tys. Month of Spows 3d, Y. D. 325

CASH_FOR TOBACCO.

CASH will be given for a few hogsheads of prime Tobacco, by MORRISON, BOSWELLS & SUTTON January 24, 1817.

Notice is hereby Given,

THAT the subscribers have been duly appointed administrators on the estate of Jerathmel Bowers Borland, dec'd.—Those having claims against the estate will present them for settlement, those that are indebted are re-

quested to make immediate payment.

JOHN JENCKES,

JOS. S. BORLAND, LEONARD WHEELER. Lexington, Jan. 22-

ALLUVION BAKE-HOUSE.

THE subscribers have erected a large BAKE-HOUSE, at their mills, on Water-street, Lexington, opposite the Warehouse, where baking is extensively carried on They have now on hand a quantity of buiseuit, of the following kinds viz: Pilot Bread, Navy Bread, Ship Bread, Water and Butter Biscuit; and engagements will be entered into to furnish fifty barrels of the above kinds of Biscuit per week. They have also commenced the baking of Loaf Bread; such of the citizens who please to favor them with their custom, may be served at their own doors, before early breakfast, every morning, with any quantify they may order, fresh their own doors, before early breakfast, every morning, with any quantify they may order, fresh and warm. Bread of every description will be constantly kept at Isaac Bowles', on Cross-street, between Main & Ma'n Cross-streets, & at the house of B. Blount, on Shortsfreet, between Upper & Mulberry-streets.

BRADFORD & BOWLES.

January 23.

Fayette county, set.

Fayette County, Set.

(FAKEN UP by George Colvert, about 3' miles from Lexington, Leestown road, one SORRELL HORSE, ten years old, 14 hands 2 inches high blemish on his right eye, small star, some white hairs on his shoulders, appraised to \$30, by David W. Ruth & Wm. Dicksor, before me this 9th Nov 1816.

O. KEEN, J. P.

A copy. Test, ABNOR FIELD, Jr.d.c. f.c.c.

Jessamine County, to wit :

TAKEN UP by James Campbell, living near the Shaker ferry, a SORREL HORSE, with a blaze face, some saddle spots in his back, about 4 years old, and about 14 3.4 hands high, shod all round. Appraised to \$34, before me, this 18th day of November, 1816.

A copy. Test, 4-* JOHN METCALF, J. P. J. C.

Bakers Wanted.

TWO or three BAKERS wanted, to whom good wages will be given.

BRADFORD & BOWLES.

Lexington Alluvion Mills, Dec. 16.

51

HISTORY OF THE THE LATE WAR In the Western County,

S now published and ready for delivery, to Subscribers at the subscription price of Two Dollars and a Half. As the work contains 100 pages more than was expected when the prospectus was first issued, the price will be advanced Fifty Cents to non-subscribers. It will be sold at JAMES W PALMER'S Book Store on Main street, and at the REPORTER. COUNTING HOUSE, at Three Dollars.

Subscribers are requested to call for their opies.

Take Notice. Py virtue of a deed of trust from Micajale Clark to myself, in favour of Andrew M'Calla, executed the 1st. day of February, 1815, to secure the several sums of money therein specified; there will be exposed to The Senate afterwards took up the Joint Res olution for authorizing a Painting to be executed from Col. Trumbult's design of the Signature of Indepension of the Continuance of my good health, and on board an American ship and arrived at St.

No. The Senate afterwards took up the Joint Res of the Commodore for the transportation of Saynes government. The crew and passent of the South of January, on the road besaid Clark, in the Country of Warren, on a gree of the Cuencia, 151 in number, were put tween Lexington and Georgetown, a credit of nine months, the purchaser or purchasers giving bond with approved security. the following NEGRO SLAVES, to wit:

Will, Perry, 3 Sarahs' Jenny, Salley, Polley,
Nancy, Elsa, 3 Judys' Suckey, Sal, Lucinda.

Tom, and there increase since the date of said. Trust :- And by virtue of a deed of Trust in like manner executed to me by said Clark, in favour of said M'Calla, bearing date the 3d day of October, 1815, to secure the payment therein mentioned, there will be sold at the same time and place, on the same credit and terms :- 1 Wagon, Geer, and five Horses: 7 other Horses, at that time in the possession of said Clark; 25 head of Cattle, 60 head of Sheep, 60 head of Hogs, 8 Beds and furni-ture, 1 1-2 doz. chairs, 3 Folding Tables, 1 Bureau, and all his Kitchen Furniture. Sale will commence at 10 o'clock in the morning.

January 11, 1817. SHORT NUTICE.

A LL those indebted to me by bond, note, or book account, will do well by calling and discharging the same by the 20th inst. as I will leave here for the Eastward on or before that day. All business concerning myself will be transacted by Ma. F.

MATHEW ELDER, Trustee.

January 10th, 1817. JOSEPH I. LEMON. MARSHALL, until my return.

Five Dollars Reward.

STRAYED from the subscriber some time in the

mouth of last June, a small SORREL HORSE, 7 or 8 years of age, about 14 and a 1.2 hands high, with a small blaze in his face, a little crest-failing, his left hind hoof badly split nearly up to the hair, some white feet, but not recollected. As I brought him from Virginia some little time before ne strayed, I suspect he is making that way. Any per-son giving information of said horse to me at Ver-sailles—by letter or otherwise, so that I get him son giving internation of said notes to he at versus sailles—by letter or otherwise, so that I get him again shall receive the above reward.

JOHN C. STRAUGHAN. Woodford County, Dec. 6, 1816.

Soap and Candle Factory. THE subscriber will give the highest price in each the ensuing fall and winter for Tallow, Hogs's Lard and Kitchen

Grease, At his Soap and Candle Manufactory on Marked street, opposite the south east end of the Transylvania University, where merchants and others may be supplied with Soap, Mould and Dipped Candles of the best quality and at the shortest notice.

August 5th, 1816,

THOMAS TIBBATS,



Cummens,

HAIR CUTTER, WIG MAKER &c. Next door to Capt Postlethwait's, Main street, INFORMS his customers and the public, that he has just received from Philadelphia, in addition

to his former stock
Elegant Hazors,
Razor Strops and Paste,
Soaps of all kinds,
Hair Brushes,
Combs & Comb Brushes,
Geutlemens' Gloves,
Suspenders,
Footh Powder & Brushes,
Wash Balls,
Twezers,
Led Pencils,
Pomatum,
Pomatum,
Pomatum,
Playing Cards,
Shaving Boxes,
Just received from New-Orleans, 100,000 best
Spanish Segars, which may be had very low by the
box or small quantity.

Eau de Cologne,
Lavender,
Antique Oil,
Dolls,
Clothes Brushes,
Shaving Soap,
The Very Brushes,
Sealing Wax,
Playing Cards,
Pocket Glasses, &c. &c.
Just received from New-Orleans, 100,000 best
Spanish Segars, which may be had very low by the

Advertisement.

AM authorised by Mr. Francis Patterson LOT of GROUND adjoining the Baptist Meet ing House, in Lexington, known on the plan of the said town by the number 20. It is an inlot about 60 feet on Main-street, and extends to Short-street, having the same front on each

This Lot will be sold on reasonable terms; and those wishing to obtain Lots to build on in Lexington, should make early application for this, as there are but few unimproved Lots in the place more desirable.

CHAS. HUMPHREYS.

Lexington, Dec. 5, 1816

CARDING & FULLING [At Royle's Factory, on the Frankfort road, one mile from Lexington.]

Wool carded at 6d. per pound.
Also, Felling and finishing Cloths, Linseys, &c. in the best manner, at all times, having water the

For Sale,

A quantity of very strong coarse Sattinets, very suitable for Negroes clothing, and some Woolens.
THOMAS ROYLE. August 15, 1816

Lexingion Lancaster

SCHOOL and ACADEMY. T is with much pleasure I inform the inhabitants of this town and vicinity, that by the first of January, I shall have my NEW SEMINARY in a condition to be occupied by all my school—the rooms will be large, comfortable and well fitted for the purpose of teaching—the male and temale departments separate, an accommodation that heretofore I have not had in my power to render. Having formed a composion with three confluences

fore I have not had in my power to render. Having formed a connexion with three gentlemen, whose acquirements entitle them to my highest confidence, I trust it will be in our power to give unlimited satisfaction to all who may favor the institution with their patronage.

In the female Academy will be taught English Grammar, Arithmetic, Geography, History, Composition, Music and Drawing.

Terms of Tuition in the Lancaster School, 4 dollars per quarter, Books, Writing Paper, States, &c. furnished In the other departments, 6 dollars per quarter, [music and drawing separate charges] nothing iteraished except pens and ink. Semi-annual examinations will be held, and a regular set of Books kept in the Lancasterian School, shewing the progress of the children in that department. A facation of two weeks will be given after each examination.

December 13, 1815—53

mination.

December 13, 1816—53

* The number of teachers, the several improvements in the Lancaster School and the great expense of the establishment will it is presumed, he a sufficient apology for the small alteration in the terms of tuition. A limited number of poor children of respectable parents, will as usual be received and taught gratis.

Indian Queen Tavern. BENJ. LANPHEAR.

Formerly keeper of the Boston Coffee House, AS the pleasure of informing his triends and the public that he has opened that

large and elegant house built by Patterson Bain, Esq. on the corner of Main-Cross and At his store on Cheapside-opposite the Mar Short Streets, in Laxington, Kentucky, where ket-house. he intends devoting his whole attention to ac-commodate and please those who shall honor him with their custom. Lexington, 1st Jan 1817.

THE RED RIVER

IRON WORKS,

A RE now in full blast; great alterations having been made for the better in the FURNACE, and she is now making metal of a superior quality. The FORGE is entirely NEW, and in high operation; making BAR IRON equal, if not greatly superior to Dossey or any other imported fron. Any orders left with Mr. Macbean, at my Iron Store in Lexington, will be executed with neatness and dispatch, having employed the best workmen the country can afford. The IRON STORE at Lex ington, will be constantly supplied with IRON and CASTINGS for the convenience of merchants, mechanics and farmers Patterns left there will Theet a speedy conveyance to the works.

THOMAS DEYE OWINGS
Lexington, December 21.

53 tf

OF NEW SCHOOL.

THE Subscriber, lately from the state of New-York, having rented Samuel Ayres' school atom, a few doors from the corner of Main and Muhberry-streets, proposes to receive Scholars therein, buth male and temale, to be taught in one or more of the following branches of literature, viz: Spelling, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, English Grammar & Geography—Also, Geometry, Plane Trigonometry with their application to mensuration of Heights and Distances, Surveying of Land and Navigation—Also, Mensuration of Superfices and Solids, Guaging, Dialing and Book keeping, by single or double entry. The subscriber having been engaged in the tuition of YOUTH about sixteen years, in several parts of America, in which he had the paironage and support of the generous public, certificates of which he can produce. For further satisfaction he refers to Samuel Ayres or Elisha Allen, of this town. Feeling conscious that his diligent attention to his pupils, will not fail to produce the desired effects. Every favour will be gratefully acknowledged. gratefully acknowledged.

An EVENING SCHOOL will also be held
in the same room. CORNELIUS WING.
Lexington, January 2, 1817.

TOBACCO

THE highest price will be given for prime TO BACCO, at the Lexington Ware-house DANIEL HALLSTEAD. Jen. 1, 1817.

GEORGE SHANNON,

Attorney at Law, KEEPS his office on Poplar Row, in the same ouse occupied by the Lexington Branch Bank.

9-1f February 25, 1816.

For Sale,

TWO HUNDRED and FIVE acres of first rate LAND, about eighty acres cleared, on which is a good Dwelling-house, Kitchen, Loom-house, Negro-house, Spring-house, new Barn and Hen-house, &c. One hundred and eighty-three bearing Appletrees, chiefly choice grafted fruit, Pear-trees, Cherry-trees, Damson trees, and excellent never-failing water. Terms may be known by applying to the subscriber, living on the premises, five miles from Lexington, about half mile east of the Lecstown road.

A. BAINBRIDGE.

Nov. 12.

JULIUS GUINAND Watchmaker. HAS for sale an assortment of the most

fashionable Watches and Jewellery

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, -ALSO-

Clock and Watch Materials OF THE BEST WORKMANSHIP;
All of which will be sold low at reduced

He keeps his shop two doors below Capt Postlethwaits tavern, formerly occupied by Dr Boswell as a shop and residence, where he makes and repairs CLOCK and WATCHES in he best and neatest manner.

Lexington, Sept 23. WANTED IMMEDIATELY, 20 Carpenters and Mill Wrights, ALSO

SEVERAL STONE MASONS. SEVERAL STONE MASONS,
Acquainted with erecting furnaces for an IRON
FOUNDRY, and an experienced man capable of
creeting Iron Work. Also, wanted to contract
with some person or persons to cut 10,000 cords of
Wood, before November next. The above work
is wanted near the main road leading from Louisville to Vincennes, about fifty miles from Louisville. Enquire of Mr. Williamson at French Lick,
or Marshalls, near Lick Creek, or J. and T. G.
Prentiss, or John Peck, Lexington, Kentucky.
Also, wanted to purchase several yoke of Oxen.
33
August 7th, 1816.

FOR SALE,

ON a long credit, by giving bond and approved security, an

Elegant New Carriage. Apply to THOMAS T. TODD, Lexington, or JOHN TODD, near Walnut-Hill.

John Norton. DRUGGIST.

[Opposite the Insurance Bank, Main st. Lexington] AS received an extensive assortment of Fresh Medicines, Paints, Dye-Stuffs, Per-fumes, Pocket and Key Instruments, Scarificators, Spring and Crown Lancets, Scales and Weights, &c. Physicians, Merchants and the public, will be supplied on the lowest terms, wholesale or retail. He has on hand 2000th tone Ochre, which he will sell low for cash. August 17, 1816.

Partnership Dissolved. THE PARTNERSHIP OF

Ashton, Beach and Neille, IS this day dissolved by mutual consent—All those having demands on the firm, are requested to apply to Ashton and Beach for the same—all inducted the form. apply to Asinon and Beach for the same—all indebted to the firm are to make payment to Ashton
and Beach, who are authorised to receive the same.

R. ASHTON,
JOSEPH BEACH,
HUGH NEILLE.
Levington March 2d 1816.

Lexington, March 2d, 1816

The Coach Making Business In all its various branches, is still carried on at the old stand by ASHTON & BEACH, where Carri ages, Gigs, &c. &c. will be made or repaired on the shortest notice, and neatest manner, and on the most reasonable terms.

150 BARRELS BROWN SUGAR,

For Sale by WILLIAM C. BELL.

NEW GOODS, CHEAP FOR CASH.

E. WARFIELD

Has just received from Philadelphia, and is now opening at his Store, Main-street, Lexing-ton, an elegant assortment of Merchandise, which he is determined to sell low, wholesale or retail for Cash-he has fresh Teas, and many India goods that have been very scarce for some time past.—such as Senshaws, Lute-strings, Sursuckers, India Mulls. plain and figured China ware, &c. &c. together with an elegant assortment of fancy goods, suitable to May 10, 1816.

TO WOOL AND COTTON MANUFACTURERS.

The subscriber has two Wool Carding Machine The subscriber has two Wool Carding Machines just finished for sale, also two Throsties of 108 spindles each, 5 Engines for Carding Cotton, a Roving frame of 12 Gans, 2 Drawing frames of 3 heads each, a Reel, &c. &c. These Machines will be warranted to perform as well as any ever made in this country, and not inferior to those made in the eastern states; they will be sold altogether or separate!, for Cash at 6, 12, 18, & 24 months, or for young Negroes, or Whisky, Bacon, Bees-Wax and Tallow, &c. &c. &c. Tallow. &c &c. &c.

THOMAS STUDMAN.
Lexington, April 28th, 1816. 18-tf

NEW GOODS.

JOSEPH I. LEMON, Has just received a neat and general assortment of French, India and British GOODS,

In addition to his former assortment which will render it complete. Prompt payments being made for the same, he will be enabled to sell wholesale or retail at reduced prices

Wanted 8.000 yards Tow Linen. Half Cash and half Goods will be given. August 1816.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO THE LADIES

THE LADIES
THE Lexington Manufacturing Company are desirous of obtaining a quantity of fine bleached Linen and Cotton RAGS, which are necessary to enable them to manufacture the insportant article of fine Paper, of which so much is annually imported, and might be avoided if the patriotismor economy of the ladies of Kentucky, would induce them to adopt the customs of the ladies in the custom states, viz. to keep a Rag Bag, which is usually hung up in a place convenient for the purpose, and in which are deposited the Rags that almost daily appear in every large family.—At the end of the year your rag bags thus attended, will produce you a liberal sum for pin-money, and greatly aid the important manufacturies of your state.

lactories of your state.

Six Cents in money will be paid for fine bleached Linen or Cotton Rags—and a price in proportion for coarser quality, or for tow mode from flax or hemp. Apply at the Lexington Manufactory or to

J. & T. G. PRENTISS.

Lexington, Nov. 22, 1815.

48-tf

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE FIRM OF

Parker & Graves

IS THIS DAY dissolved by mutual consent.—All debts due to or from the late concern, will be settled by William W. Greves.

JAMES P. PARKER. WILLIAM W GRAVES. Lexington, April 11, 1816.

William W. Graves,

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, ty at short rotice. Glass & San Wines Wines & Young Hyson & King Hyson & King

SOAP & CANDLE FACTORY. THE Subscriber has lately enlarged his establishment by additional buildings, and will now be enabled to supply the public by wholesale and retail, with prime SOAP of every kind, equal in quality to any manufactured in the United States—and with the best

DIPPED & MOULD CANDLES. Commissaries, Contractors, and Merchants who may purchase those articles either for the foreign or home markets, or those who want them for domestic use, will find it to their n-terest to call on him, or to give him their orlers, which will be promptly attended to, and faithfully executed. JOHN BRIDGES,

Corner of Water and Main-Cross Streets, next door to Mr. Bradford's Steam Mill and Cot ton Factory, Lexington.

The highest cash prices given for TALLOW, HOGS LARD, KITCHEN GREASE, Ashes & Pot Ashes, at the above factory.
41 October 10, 1814

JOSHUA HUMPHREYS. Has on hand and offers for sale, at reduced prices, COMMILSSION HOUSE, Lexington,

Machine Cards.

AVING formed a correspondence with the Managers of the New-York Manufactory of CARDS, and having been employed by Mr. Daniel R. der of this place, (the only person in the western tim, he flatters himself he will have it in his nower to supply the demand—therefore solicits orlers, promising to pay the strictest attention in saving them promptly and exactly filled;—and hould those from New-York be preferred, he will order them on immediately. Nov 9 46-tf

Just Imported, AT W. MENTELLE'S . COMMISSION STORE. Main Street, next door to Mr. Wm. Leav

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS English Walnuts, Spanish Filberts and plication as above.

Ground Nuts-Also, A variety of Choice TOYS. FOR THE APPROACHING CHRISTMAS, & . NEW-YEAR'S GIFTS,

BOCLS, Wholesale and Retail,
BOXES, Glass and Painted,
Flemant Painted & Queen'sware SNUFF BOXES, Elegant Painted & Queen'sware SNUFF BOXES, MILLS, CUP & BALL, TETOTUMS, and others too numerous for description, REFINED LIQUORICE, in boxes, for colds, and

in sticks, Ditto in sticks,
DURABLE INK,
RAISINS, by the box, or by the pound,
An elegant and cheap set of CHINA,
An assortment of QUEENS' WARE. FIDDLES, and FIDDLE STRINGS, superior

Ditto SPUN, of all sizes, BOMBAZETTS, and other Dry Goods, COMMON WARE, by Wholesale and Retail, RAPPEE SNUFF

Orders from the country, attended to, punctually
November 20.

Bear and Otter Skins WANTED.

SAM'L. & GEO. TROTTER, & Co. OFFER the highest price in CASH for prime BEAR & OTTER SKINS,

Delivered at their Warehouse. Lexington, Dec. 18.

JOHN POTTER.

No. 16, South Front-street, Philadelphia,
WILL purchase Goods at Auction for Kentucky
Merchants, for 2 1-2 per cent, and will warrant them cheaper than they can buy. Money, or
good drafts must be remitted. Reference to ELI
Wastern, Fig. Levinston. SHA WARFIELD, Esq. Lexington. 43-19t*

Dissolution of Partnership.

The partnership of JOSEPH H. & L. HAW. KINS, is this day dissolved by mutual con-sent. All persons having claims against the concern, will present them to JOSEPH H. HAWKINS for adjustment, and all persons indebted in any manner whatever will make payment to him.

ders, 2 1-2 Miles from Lexington, by LEWIS SANDERS.

Scott Circuit Court, July Term, 1816. Jonathan Robinson,

complainant IN CHANCERY. The Heirs of John Stiles deceased, Defendants,

HIS day came the parties by their attornies and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the heirs of David and Cornelia Galbreath late Cornelia Stiles, are non-residents of breath late Cornelia Stiles, are non-residents of this Commonwealth; it is ordered that unless the heirs of the said David and Cornelia Galbreath do appear here on or before the third day of the next Term and answer the Complainant's bill, the same will be taken for confessed against them, and that a copy of this order, be inserted in some authorized paper agreeably to law.—A copy from the records in my office. Attest, y office. Attest,

8w BENJ. S. CHAMBERS, c. s. c.c.

LEXINGTON MANUFACTORY

THE Proprietors of this Extensive establish

ment are happy in announcing to the public that their Buildings are completed and their Machinery in full operation.

They are ready to receive orders for all kinds and qualities of BROAD CLOTHS, CASIMERES, PLAINS, FLANNELS, COATINGS, PLANNELS, SECTIONS, S BLANKETS & NEGRO CLOTHS: also FEL-TINGS for papermakers, BILLIARD CLOTHS &c.—Also every description of PRINTING, WRAPPING and WRITING PAPER, PASTE BOARDS, FULLERS BOARDS, SHEATHING In addition to the late stock, is just receiving a fresh supply of MERCHANDISE, suitable for the present and approaching seasons, consisting of—description or to imitate any colour and quali-

Having spared no labour or expense in procuring the best Machinery and Workmen an this country and from Europe, the proprietors are confident that every article of their manufacture shall be equal in quality to anyi m ed from Europe or manufactured in the United

In consequence of their having on hand a large stock of wool, the proprietors do not wish to receive more at present, but will want all they can obtain in a few months, for which they will give the highest prices paid in any part of America. They will however at all times exchange the goods of their Mauafactory for Wool or Rags. Persons desirous of selling stock or purchasing, or ordering goods, will please apply at said factory, or to J C & M. D. RICHARDSON, or J. & T. G. PRENTISS.

August 27, 1816.

Allen & Grant,

Commission Merchants, Pittsburgh, Inform their friends in the Western Country, that they have removed to the Ware-house lately occupied by G. & C. Anshutz From the superior conveniencies of their Ware-house, and its proximity to the river, the Merchants of Kentucky will find it to their advantage to consign to them.

Pittsburgh, May 6.

SILVER PLATING.

ANDREW M. JANUARY and JOHN C. NUTTMAN, Have commenced the

Silver Plating Business. Opposite the Kentucky Insurance Company's Office, Main Street, Lexington, Kentucky, un

JANUARY & NUTTMAN. Where they have on hand an elegant assort-ment of PLATED WARE, consisting of Bridle Bits, Stirrups, Spurs, Saddlery, Coach Mount-ing, &c. which they will dispuse of at whole-sale or retail on moderate terms. Country Merchants and Saddlers will find it their in-terest to give them a call before they purchase. Old work replated in the best manner, and cash given for old Silver and Pewter.

N. B. John C. Nuttman will continue to

ENGRAVING Of all all kinds, in the neatest manner, on ap-

Lexington, Sept. 25.

Partnership Dissolved.

THE partnership of FRY & CARSON is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Those in-debted to the firm are requested to come forward and pay their respective balances; and those havlemands against them, to bring forward their accounts for settlement.

August 1, 1816. 34—
The business of the above concern will hereafter be carried on by the subscriber.

JOHN FRY.

Brass Foundry.

The subscriber informs his friends and the Public in general thathe continues to carry on the Brass Founding business in all its various Branches, at the old stand formerly occupied by I. & E. Woodruff, on Main Street, and will always keep on hand an assortment of And Irons, Shovel and Tongs, Door Knockers, Candlesticks, &c. finished in the neatest manner; he will likewise cast Bells, and work for in the public papers-The change to take place Mach nery on the shortest notice; he has also a Cup lo for casting Iron, all orders in that line w ll be punctually attended to. Grateful for past favors he hopes to merit a contin-

EZRA WOODRUFF. Lexington, July 9th, 1815.

Robert A. Gatewood, Has opened a very general and well selected assortment of

Merchandise,

In his new brick house, opposite Mr. James Wier's Store, which he offers for sale at wholesale or retail

IRONSIDES TAVERN.

THE subscriber having taken the above es tablishment, hopes by his attention to merit a continuation of the support that has been so liberally given to the house, particularly by travellers. JABEZ VIGUS. August 5, 1816.

Conveyancer's & Scrivener's Office. L. HAWKINS.
L. HAWKINS.
L. Wington, March 26, 1816 20tf

WOOI Carding
Mevino and Common Wool Carding in a Superier Style and on the usual terms at Sanders, 2 1-2 Miles from Lexington, by
LEWIS SANDERS.
Lexington, May 28, 1815.

DANIEL GILES has established an office in the room lately occupied by Daniel M. Payne as a law office, in Lexington, where he offers his services to the public in the line of his profession. He offers to write all kinds of Deeds of conveyance, Deeds and Accounts for Merchants and Mechanics, on the plainest and most approved plan, and on the lowesterms. He pledges himself to be faithful in the discharge of any business entrusted to his care.

Lexington, Nov. 27. DANIEL GILES has established an office in the

Lexington, Nov. 25.

HOGS BRISTLES.

OHN LOCKWOOD continues to give the highest price in CASH for cleaned combed HOGS BRISTLES, at his Brush Manufactory on Main street, two doors below the Post-office.

Lexington, December 7th, 1816. 50-6t

B KARRICK, TAILOR,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public generally, that he has again removed to his old stand on Main-cross street, next door to Mr. Shaw's Hat Factory, where his old customers and others can have their work done in the neatest and others can have their work done in the neatest and TWO OR THREE APPRENTICES wanted. Dec. 16.

FOR SALE,

721 Acres first rate LAND-42 acres cleared. 72 1 Acres hist rate of the rest of Lexington Possession (if sold) can be given immediately, and if not sold it will be rented about the middle of February. Apply to me on Water-street, Lexington.
D14. 51tf WM. TOD.

NOTICE.

THE subscribers wish to contract for a Also, PORK, BACON, and WHISKY, and a quantity of WHISKY BARRELS—for which they will pay the highest price in Cash, on de-livery. J. & T. G. PRENTISS Lexington, Nav. 29, 1816. 49-tf

FLOUR, CORN.

QUANTITY of the above articles wanted, for which the highest price in CASH will be given.—They must be dolivered on the Ohio or Kentucky rivers, before the 1st of March next.

WR.KINS & ERNEST.

They have onhand a small quanty of prime OR-LEANS SUGAR by the barrel.

Lexington, December 23d, 1816 .- 52-tf



Stills for Sale.

The Subscriber has on hand, Stills of different sizes and of the best quality, which he will sell low for cash. He has lately received from Philadelphia a quantity of Copper, which en-

Stills and Boilers Of any size, at the shortest notice. He also

continues to carry on the TINNING BUSINESS, Two or three JOURNEYMEN TINNERS

would be employed, to whom the highest wages will be given. M. FISHEL. Lexington, October 1, 1816. 7-tf

WEAVING. THE subscriber informs his customers and the public, that he has removed to one of widow Russell's houses in Jefferson-Street, where he continues to carry on the weaving of Broad Damask and Diaper figured Carpets, Counterpanes, Double Coverlids, Burdye, Huckaback, Satinets, &c. &c. GEORGE THOMSON.

Real Estate & Negroes For Sale. TOR SALE, the House and Lot on which I now live, and the corner of Main cross and Water-streets. It is one of the best stands in Lexington for business. As any person desirous of purchasing will wish to see the property, further description is needless. Also a Negro Woman and Girl. The woman about 30 years old, and the girl about 12. For terms apply to Lexington, Dec. 30. JOHN BRIDGES.

Commission Warehouse

JEREMIAH NEAVE & SON, Of Cincinnati, Ohio,

Have erected large and commo Brick Warehouses & Cellars For the reception of all kinds of Merchandise, Manufactures and Produce, for Storage, and Sale on Commission, for forwarding by the river or to country merchants. Bills and debts collected and punctually remitted. Purchases made and generally all BKOKERAGE and COMMISSION BU-SINESS, transacted.

SINESS, transacted

Cincinnati, February 19-

NOTICE. At a meeting of the board of Trustees of the town of Lexington, on the 7th Nov 1816. RESOLVED, That the market days for the New Market house, be changed from Wednesdays and Saturdays to Tuesdays and Fridays; and that the public be notified thereof from and after the passage of this resolution.

Attest, R S TODD, C B T T. E-

LOOK HERE!

GEORGE COONS having taken the LEXING-TON BREWERY, formerly in the possession of Mr Coleman, informs the farmers that he is now reday to purchase BARLEY, HOPS & WOOD, e who have Barley would do well to call imestely.

December 16. 51-tf

CAUTION

WHEREAS, my stock and farm have been much injured by persons passing through on foot and horse, this is intended to inform such strollers that I gressors hereafter. For S. TEGARDEN,

W. H. TEGARDEN.

Candles & Soap.

HAVING undertaken an agency for the Lexing-ton WAX AND TALLOW CHANDLERY, Joshua Humphreys offers for sale by the quantity or single box at his commission house Main street MOULD & DIPPED CANDLES & SOAP, of a superior excellence and beauty, on terms which he believes will be entirely satisfactory to purchasers. He solicits that these who want supplies of these articles will try them, he believes they will afterwards find it their interest to purchase from no other.

FOR SALE.

CHEAP bargain for cash or good erop Tobac-co, a strong Pennsylvania made road WAG-CHEAP bargana co, a strong Pennsylvania made road WAGco, a strong Pennsylvan